

# **Building Resilience in Second Year Resident Registered Nurse Anesthetists with Targeted Focused Groups**

Alexa Aitkens, BSN, RN, CCRN DNP Chair: Maureen McCartney Anderson, DNP, CRNA/APN

Carolina Gomez, BSN, RN, CCRN *Team Members:* Phillip Huang DNP, CRNA/APN

#### Introduction

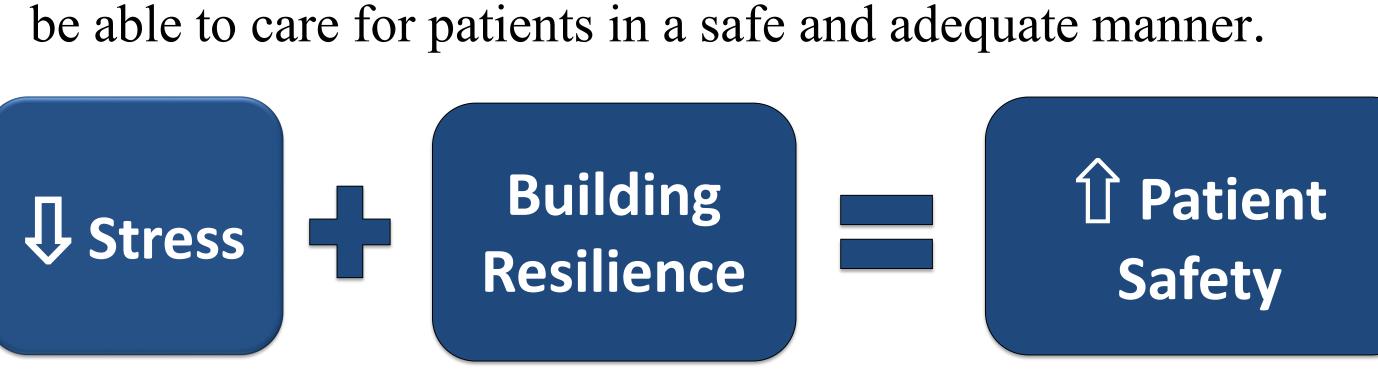
- Resident Registered Nurse Anesthetists (RRNA) enrolled in a DNP program experience an immense amount of stress from various sources.
- Severity of stress is dependent on the degree of failure to cope to new demands, and reactions to stress are predicated on three components, the environment, appraisal and evaluation of the environment and the reaction of emotional and physiological arousal
- Peak levels of stress may potentially occur during the second year of the program during the initiation of clinical rotations.

### Background & Significance

- Population affected most are RRNA's transitioning from didactic curriculum into the start of their clinical phase.
- Peak levels of stress may potentially occur during the second year of the program.
- Without education on healthy coping strategies, RRNA's are ill prepared to for this time period, potentially leading to negative outcomes, such as substance abuse, increased illness, depression, and an overall sense of failure.
- The ABC model of CBT will be used as the framework to explore and understand the relationship between thoughts and reactions, both emotional and behavioral.
- RRNA's may learn methods to alleviate negative feelings, develop positive coping mechanisms, improve self-efficacy, and build resilience for the duration of their education and beyond.

# Discussions & Implications

- Construct a learning situation in which a student can adapt in a positive manner, thus the ability to provide the utmost effective and safe care.
- Replace stressful challenges with positive coping strategies, a powerful tool to build self-efficacy and cognitive control as well as greater self-awareness as a learner and future practitioner.
- RRNAs able to build resilience and have lower stress levels may be able to care for patients in a safe and adequate manner.



Can the use of conference call-based focus groups utilizing the ABC model of cognitive behavioral therapy build resilience and positive stress reducing methods?



## Methodology

Setting	Online using Cisco Webex, an interactive real-time video, voice and chat platform.
Population	Second year RRNAs entering the clinical phase at a large state university in NJ ( $\eta = 22$ ).
Intervention	Purpose of this simulation was to allow the RRNA to make the complete A-C connection which begins at becoming cognizant of the unhelpful or unhealthy thoughts and converting them into positive alternatives
Outcome measure	Determine if RRNAs can develop resilience in order to decrease stress levels during clinical rotations through the utilization of the ABC model of CBT and improve problem solving methods.
Subject Recruitment	Recruitment flyer via email. Focus groups four participants; students signed up for an allotted time slot on SignUpGenius.
<b>Economic Considerations</b>	The participants of this study did not incur any costs or receive any compensation for having participated in the

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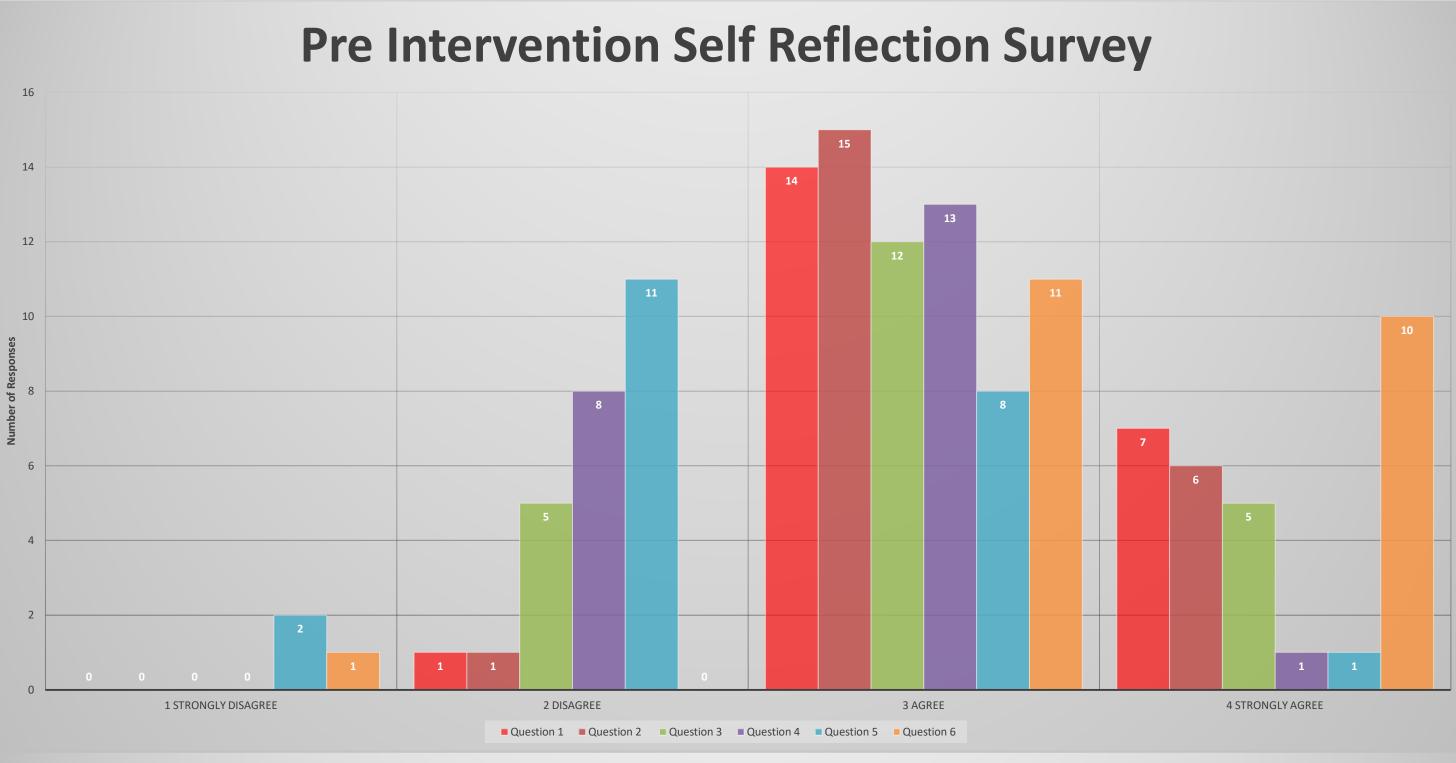
Name							Date					
Age	Gen	der (Circle):	M	F	Other _							
	0 = Never	1 = Almost	Never	2=	Sometimes	3 = Fairly	Often	4 = Ve	ry Ofte	en		
		how often hav hing that happ					0	1	2	3	4	
2. In the to con	last month, trol the impo	how often hav	e you f	felt that	you were u	ınable	0	1	2	3	4	
3. In the	last month,	how often hav	e you t	felt nen	vous and "s	tressed"?	0	1	2	3	4	
4. In the to har	last month, idle your per	how often have sonal problem	e you t	felt con	fident abou	t your ability	0	1	2	3	4	
5. In the were	last month, going your w	how often hav	e you t	felt that	things		0	1	2	3	4	
		how often hav that you had t					0	1	2	3	4	
7. In the to con	last month, trol irritation	how often haves in your life?	e you l	been al	ble		0	1	2	3	4	
8. In the	last month,	how often hav	e you t	felt that	you were o	on top of thing	s? 0	1	2	3	4	
9. In the	last month.	how often hav	e you l	been ar	ngered							

Appendix C: Post-intervention Self Reflection Survey

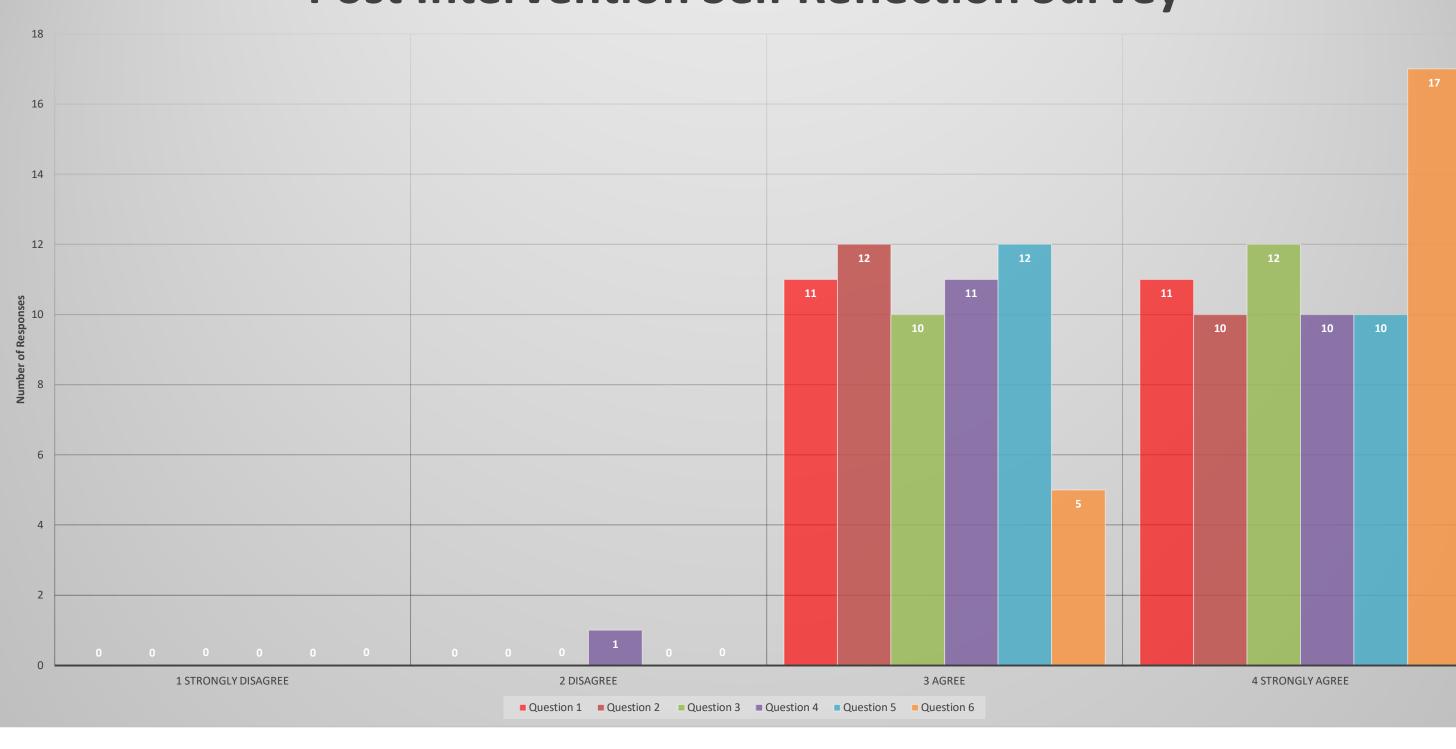
study.

Post-intervention Sel	f Reflection S	Survey				
1 = Strongly Disagree 2 = Disagree	3 = Agree			4 = Strongly Agree		
I believe I have adequate coping mechanisms to deal with everyday stressors.	1	2	3	4		
I have the ability to handle stressful situations in the clinical setting.	1	2	3	4		
I am able to realize when I am having an irrational belief and convert that thought into a positive alternative.	1	2	3	4		
I find focus groups helpful.	1	2	3	4		
I am aware of what Cognitive Behavioral Therapy and ABC model framework is.	1	2	3	4		
I am open to learn about new ways to problem solve and build resilience.	1	2	3	4		

#### Results



**Post Intervention Self Reflection Survey** 



- Wilcoxon sign rank test was used to compare pre and post Self Reflection scores, as well as to compare the pre and post PSS scores
- Two subjects from the cohort did not participate in the study, n=22
- Null Hypothesis: pre and post scores reported no differences
- Research Hypothesis: CBT using the ABC method would result in a difference between pre and post Self reflection scores and PSS scores
- Null hypothesis was rejected, based on statistical analysis, signifying that there was a significant difference between the pre and post scores on both surveys
- Since the sum of the positive rank differences was larger than the sum of the negative difference ranks this shows a positive impact of the focus groups. *Therefore, CBT focus groups provide positive benefits towards building resilience in second year RRNAs.*

#### References

Please see attached QR
Code for a list of all
references used for this
project

